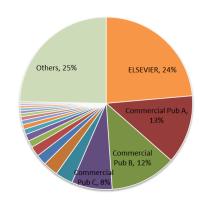


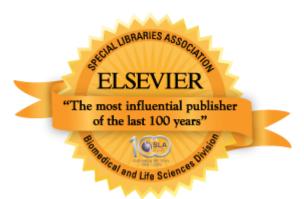


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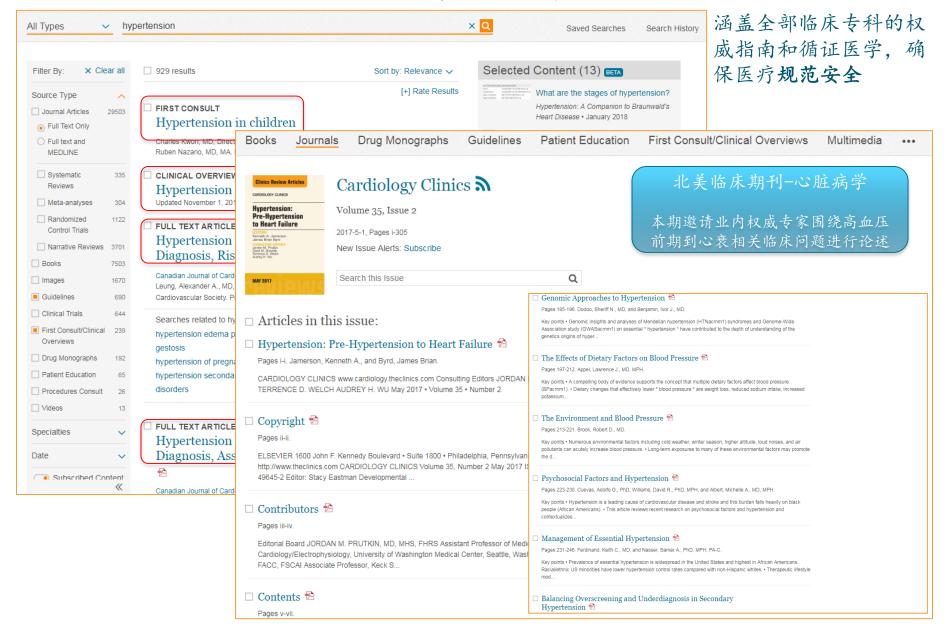


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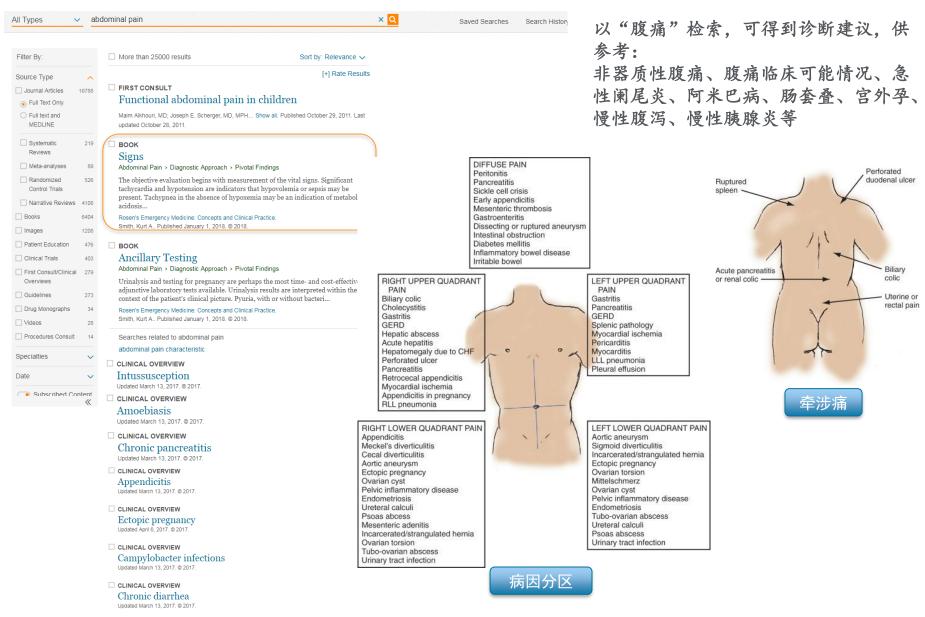
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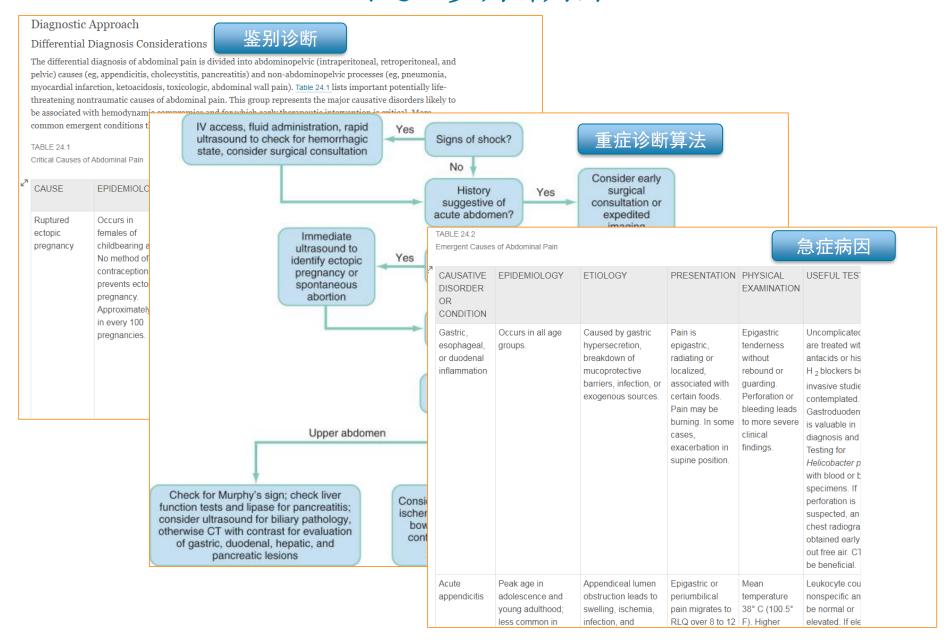
CLINICAL OVERVIEW

Gastroenteritis in children

以症状入手-提供全面准确的诊疗思路防止漏诊误诊



如何进一步判断病因?



随时随地快速解决问题

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- 适用各种终端
- 允许远程访问





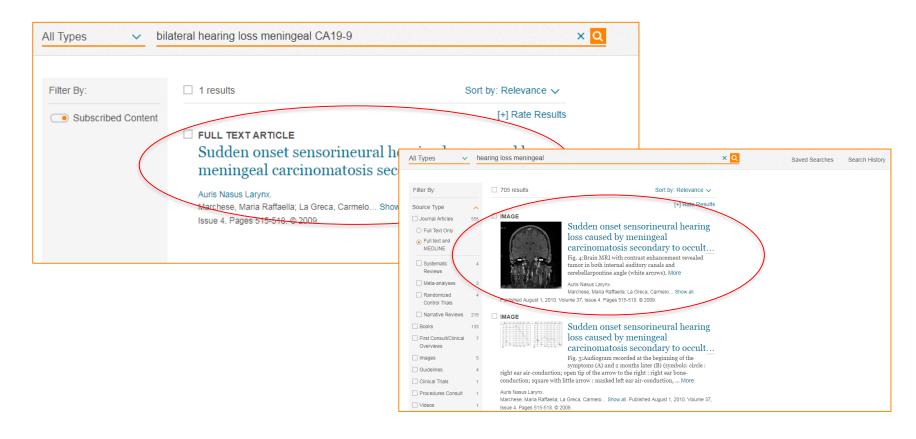
疑难复杂病—助力诊断

辅助医生破解复杂病情

ClinicalKey语义分析后台,像医生一样思考,根据医生输入的线索,寻找各种可能病因,并根据关联度排序,助力疑难复杂病的诊断。

以症状、检查结果等入手,通过多症状、检查结果联合检索,为疑难复杂病诊断提供思路,降低误诊率、减少会诊和住院日,同时为多科诊疗模式 (MDT) 提供有效支持。

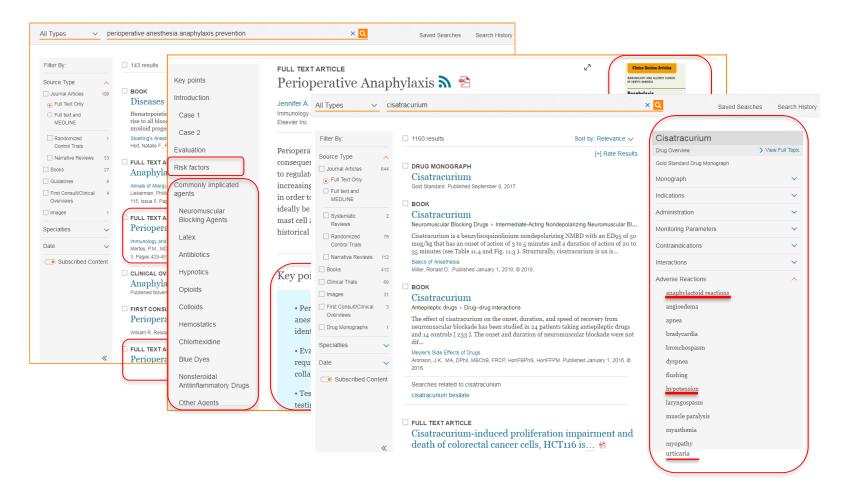
例1:患者出现双侧听力下降至耳聋,辗转半年就诊,检查现MRI脑膜强化、脑脊液CA19-9升高、脑神经受累等主要阳性症状和结果,经多次专家会诊后,无明确诊断,看ClinicalKey能否提供有效线索?



例2: 35岁原发性不孕女性患者拟行输卵管通液术和宫腔镜检查

- 曾有甲硝唑过敏史,否认其他系统疾病和手术史
- 术前访视正常,入室后生命体征平稳
- 静脉输注1.5g头孢呋辛后,给予乳酸钠林格液。行丙泊酚、芬太尼和顺阿曲库铵麻醉诱导后3分钟内插管
- 插管后3分钟,血压降至33/20mmHq; 呼气末CO2分压从30cmH2O降至14cm H2O,患者出现皮肤荨麻疹

问题: 围手术期过敏如何防治? 患者过敏性休克的原因是什么?

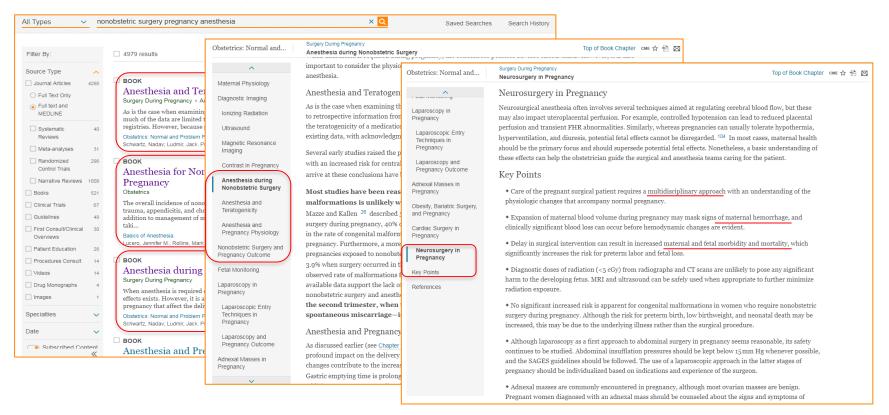


疑难复杂状况—助力方案制定

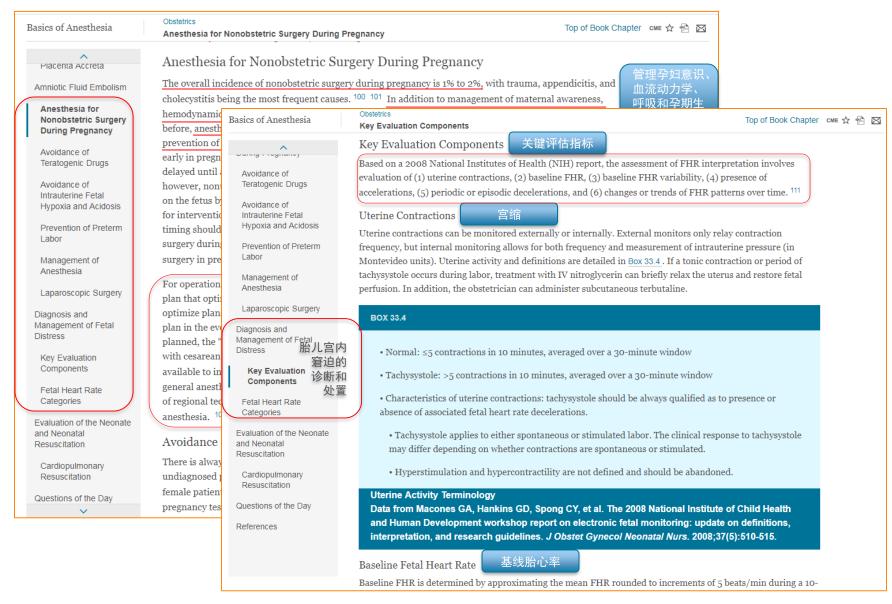
例2:如何实施孕妇巨大垂体瘤切除术麻醉?

- 女性,25岁,孕24周。二年前,月经出现紊乱,未接受治疗。2016年,临床症状加重,才于上海华山医院就诊,显示泌乳素(PRL)高达3640ulU/ml(正常值102-496ulU/ml),脑部核磁共振检查显示:垂体瘤大小1.4*1.1cm。
- 给予溴隐亭治疗,直到2017年1月30日被确认怀孕。正规服药期间,泌乳素降到168.4ulU/ml.,肿瘤也缩小到0.6*1.1cm。
- 2017年5月,她因左眼视物模糊到瑞金医院就诊。脑部核磁共振显示,肿瘤达到2.1*1.8cm, 泌乳素超过200ng/ml(正常值为5.18-26.53ng/ml)。检查还发现左眼视野缺失3/19。右眼也开始模糊。
- 为减轻肿瘤压迫和阻止进行性视野缺损,神经外科医生准备进行经蝶垂体瘤切除术。患者是孕妇,还必须考虑腹中胎儿,所以手术和麻醉
 风险非常大。

问题: 这类手术的麻醉风险? 术中如何进行严密的麻醉监测和相关处理?



相关处置措施

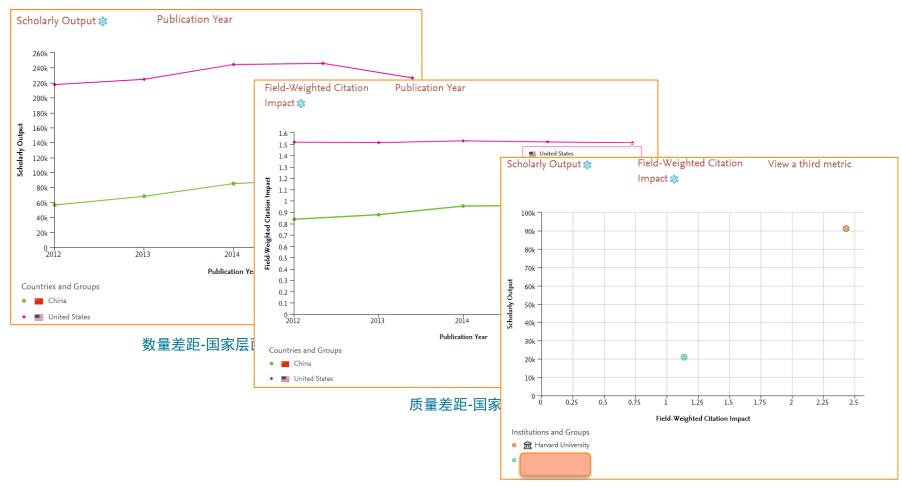


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中美医学研究对比 2012-2016



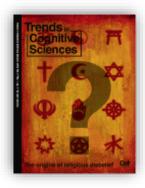
数量和质量差距-机构层面

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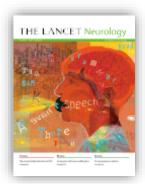
















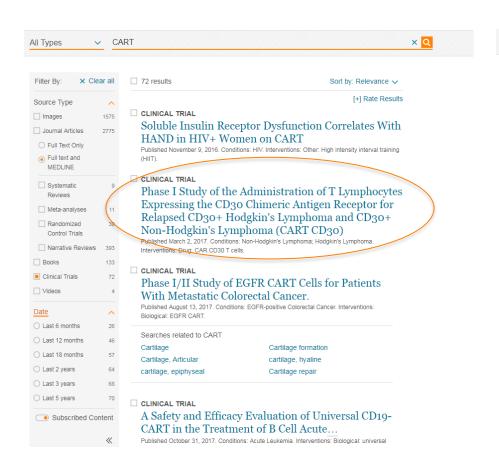


- 专科领域排名第一: 17种
- 专科领域排名前十: 100+ 种(The Lancet, Ophthalmology, etc.)
- · 临床医学类期刊最著名的北美临床系列:包含全部专科五十余种

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CLINICAL TRIAL

Administration of T Lymphocytes for Hodgkin's Lymphoma and Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma (CART CD30)

First received on March 4, 2011. Last updated on March 2, 2017.

Purpose

The body has different ways of fighting infection and disease. No single way seems perfect for fighting cancer. This research study combines two different ways of fighting disease: antibodies and T cells. Antibodies are proteins that protect the body from diseases caused by germs or toxic substances. They work by binding those

Detailed Description

When the patient enrolls on this study, they will be assigned a dose of CD30 chimeric receptor-activated T cells. The dose level of cells that they will receive will not be based on a medical determination of what is best for the patient, instead the dose is based on the order in which the patient enrolled on the study relative to other participants. Subjects enrolled earlier in the study will receive a lower dose of cells than those enrolled later in the study. The risks of harm and discomfort from the study treatment may bear some relationship to the dose level.

Criteria

INCLUSION CRITERIA: PROCUREMENT: Referred patients will initially be consented for procurement of blood for generation of the transduced ATL. Eligibility criteria at this stage include: - Diagnosis of recurrent CD30+ HL or CD30+ NHL, or newly diagnosed patients unable to receive or complete standard therapy OR

Contacts and Locations

Please refer to this study by its ClinicalTrials.gov identifier: NCT01316146 Locations

University of North Carolina Chapel Hill



以胶质瘤为例探讨解决科研问题

Definition from Goldman-Cecil Medicine

Astrocytomas, which are the most common glioma, are classified into one of four World Health Organization categories: grade I, the pilocytic astrocytoma; grade II, the fibrillary astrocytoma; grade III, the anaplastic astrocytoma; and grade IV, the glioblastoma. Pilocytic astrocytomas (grade I) are extremely low-grade focal tumors that are more common in children and may be associated with neurofibromatosis type 1; they are often cured by complete surgical excision. Fibrillary astrocytomas, anaplastic astrocytomas, and glioblastomas are diffuse tumors that infiltrate widely into brain; even grade II tumors progress over time, and most acquire the histologic features and growth patterns of grade III and IV tumors.

星形胶质细胞瘤是最常见的神经胶质瘤,根据世界卫生组织的分类分为四级: 1级, 毛细胞性星形细胞瘤; 11级, 原纤维型星形细胞瘤; 111级, 间变性星形细胞瘤; 1V级, 胶质母细胞瘤。嗜酸细胞星形细胞瘤 (1级) 是极低级别的局灶性肿瘤, 在儿童中更常见, 可能与1型神经纤维瘤病相关, 他们通常通过完整的手术切除来治愈。纤维化星形细胞瘤, 间变性星形细胞瘤和胶质母细胞瘤是弥漫性肿瘤, 广泛渗入脑内, 甚至11级肿瘤也会随着时间的推移而进展, 并且大部分获得111级和1V级肿瘤的组织学特征和生长模式。

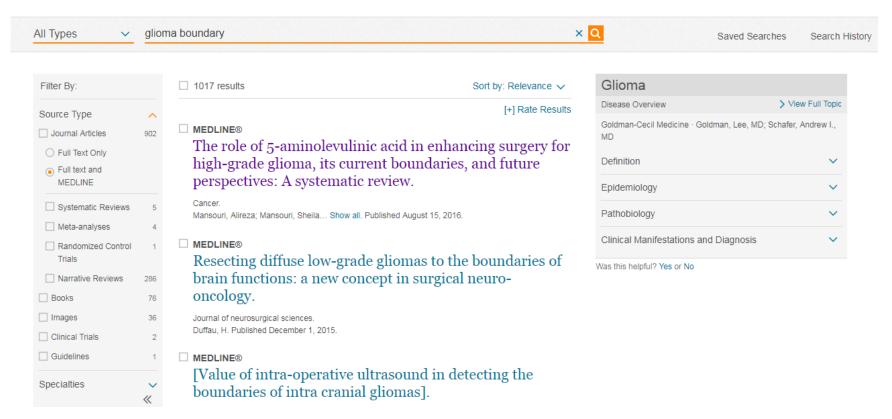
分析:

纤维化星形细胞瘤,间变性星形细胞瘤和胶质母细胞瘤是弥漫性肿瘤,广泛渗入脑内,针对这一状况,要想手术尽可能的切除肿瘤组织,改善患者预后,就需要精确识别肿瘤的边界,并且要顾及脑组织的功能保护,因此如何通过各种先进的技术手段尽可能确认肿瘤边界就是一个关键的问题。

问题:胶质瘤边界如何识别?

胶质瘤边界的精确识别对于此病的精准诊断、治疗和改善预后意义重大,那么当前国际上在解决此棘手问题有哪些最新的研究进展?

关键词选取: Glioma Boundary, Glioma Border

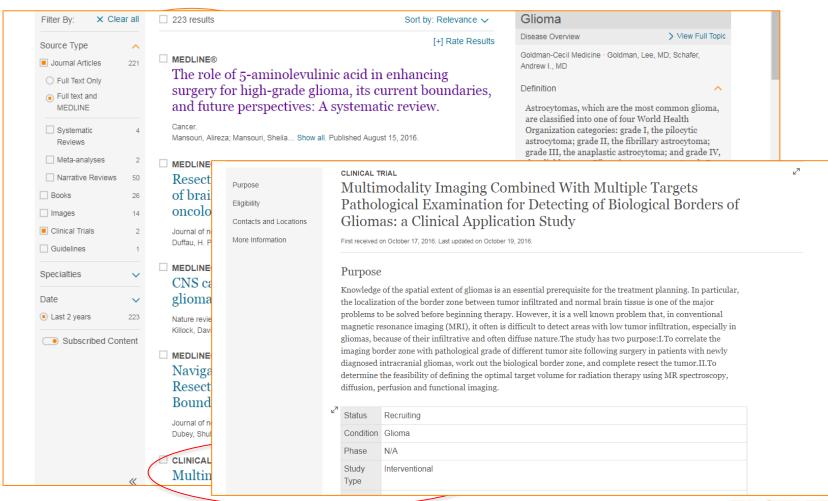




资源筛选:

内容: 首选Journal Articles和Clinical Trials; 其次Books、Guidelines;

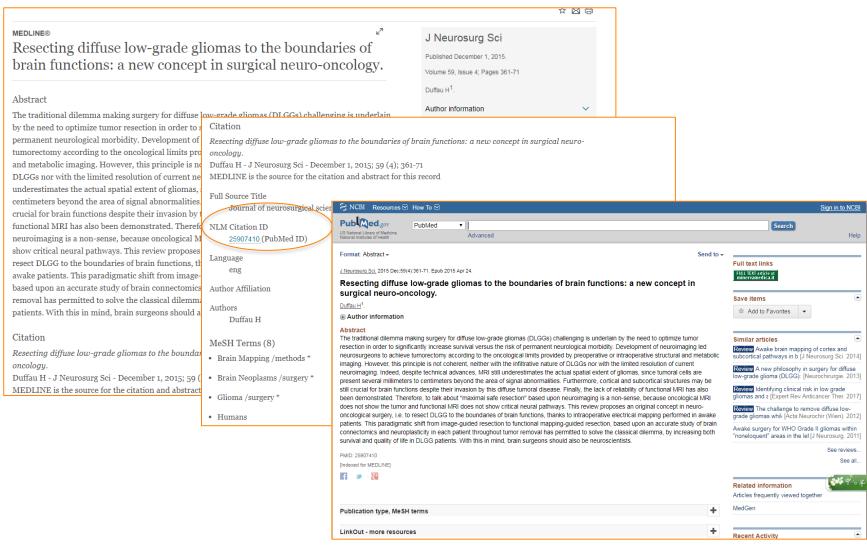
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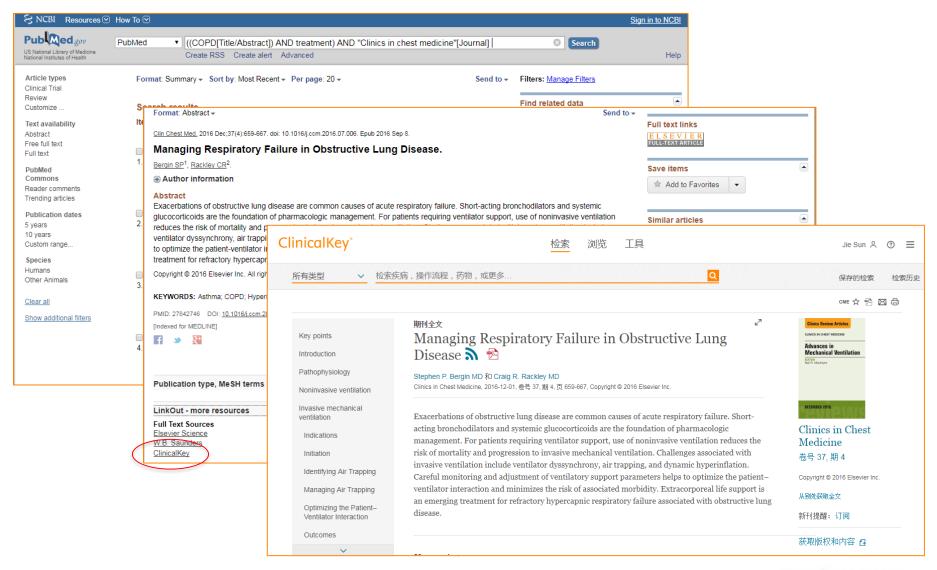
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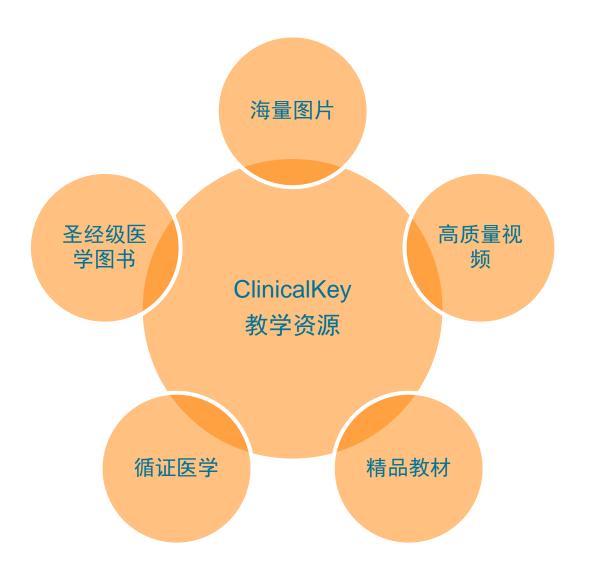


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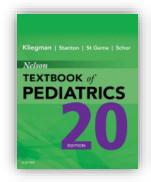
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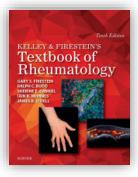


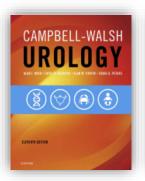
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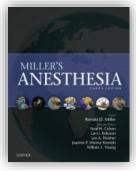


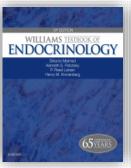
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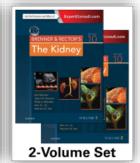


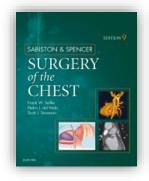


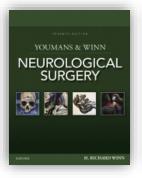


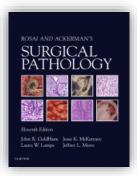




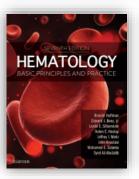


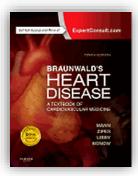












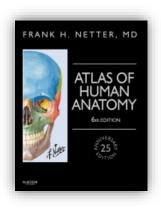
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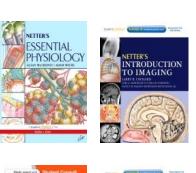
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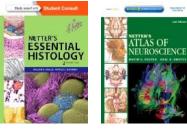
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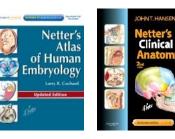
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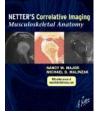


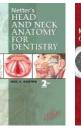


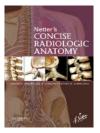


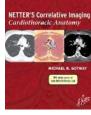


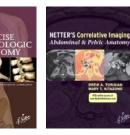


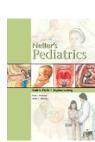






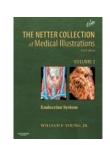




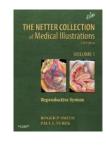


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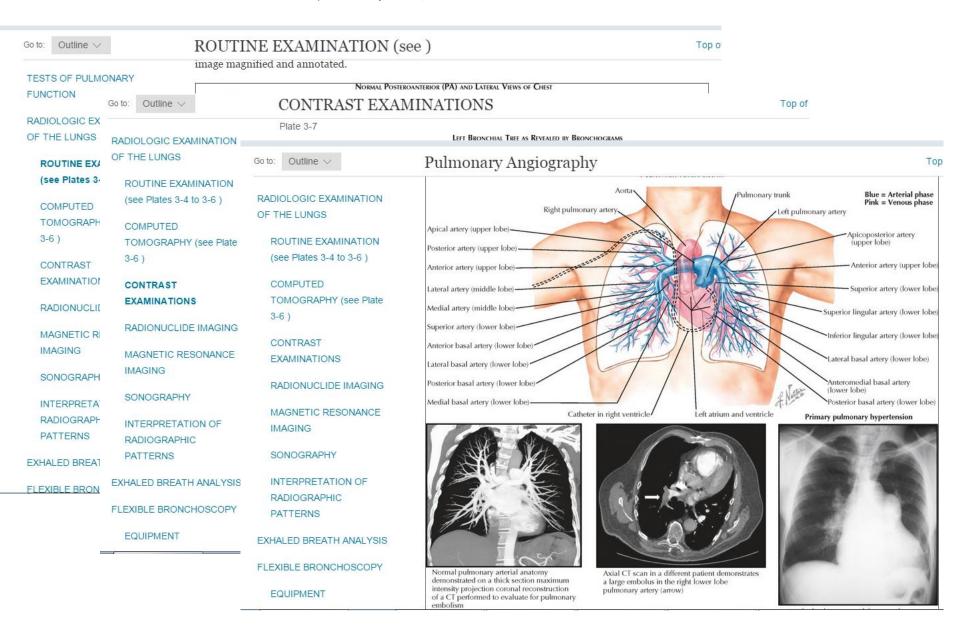




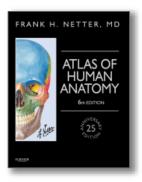


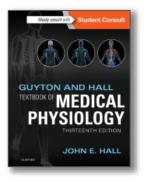


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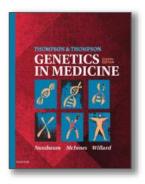


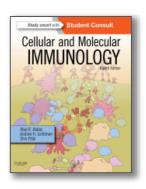
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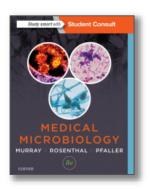


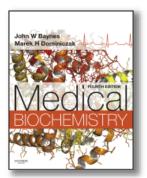




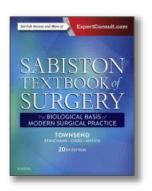


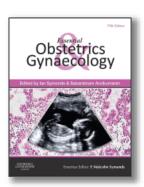












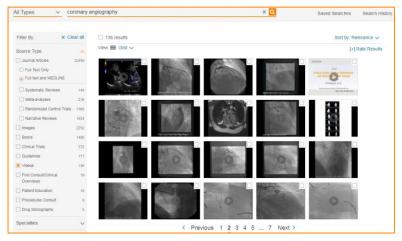
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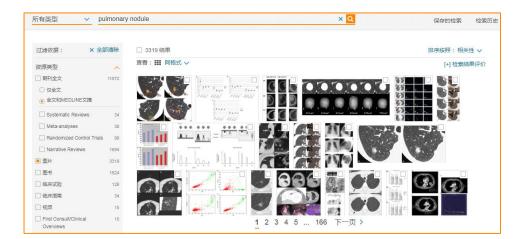
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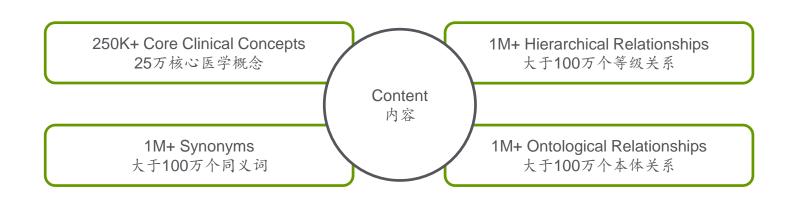
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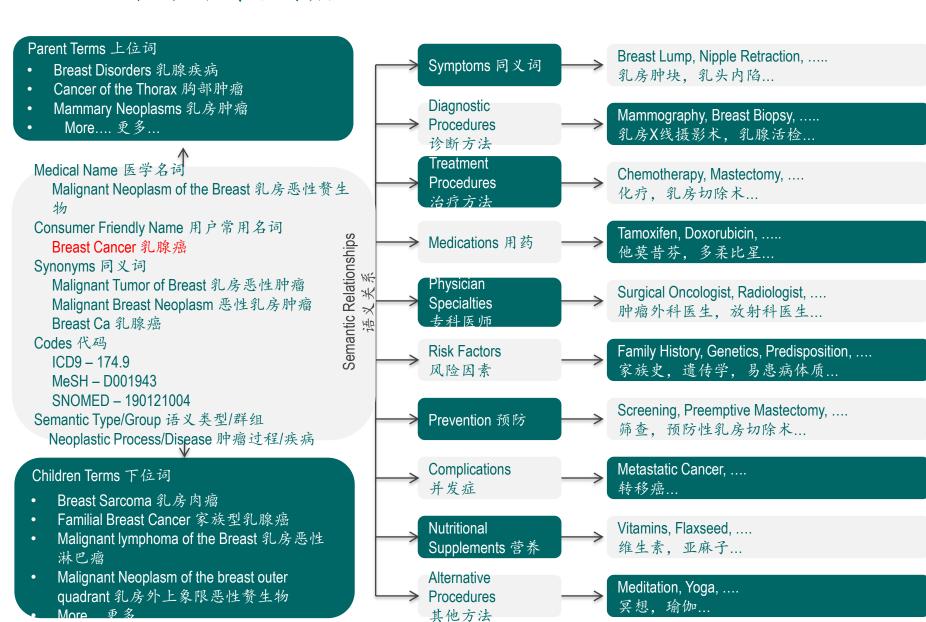
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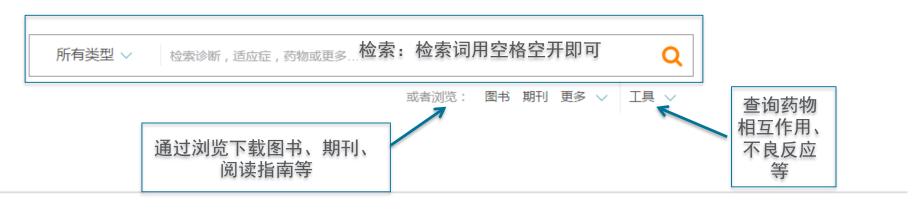
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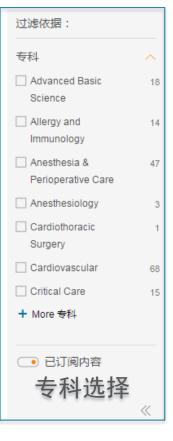
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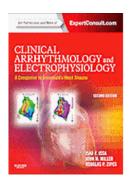
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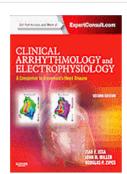
Ziad F. Issa MD, John M. Miller MD 和 Douglas P. Zipes MD

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Pathophysiology

Classification of Atrial Fibrillation

Atrial fibrillation (AF) has been described in various ways, such as paroxysmal or persistent, lone, idiopathic, nonvalvular, valvular, or self-terminating. Each of these classifications has implications regarding mechanisms, as well as response to therapy. At the initial detection of AF, it may be difficult to be certain of the subsequent pattern of duration and frequency of recurrences. Thus, a designation of first-detected episode of AF is made on the initial diagnosis, irrespective of the duration of the arrhythmia. When the patient has experienced two or more episodes, AF is classified as recurrent. After the termination of an episode of AF, the rhythm can be classified as paroxysmal or persistent. Paroxysmal AF is characterized by self-terminating episodes that generally last less than 7 days. Persistent AF generally lasts longer than 7 days and often requires electrical or pharmacological cardioversion. Permanent AF refers to AF in which cardioversion has failed or AF that has been sustained for more than 1 year, or when further attempts to terminate the arrhythmia are deemed futile. With the advent of catheter ablation interventions for AF, patients with persistent



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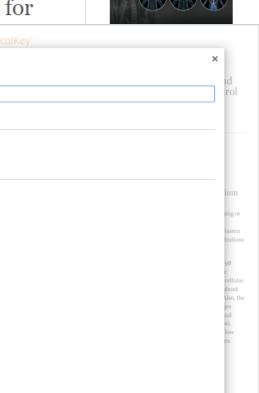
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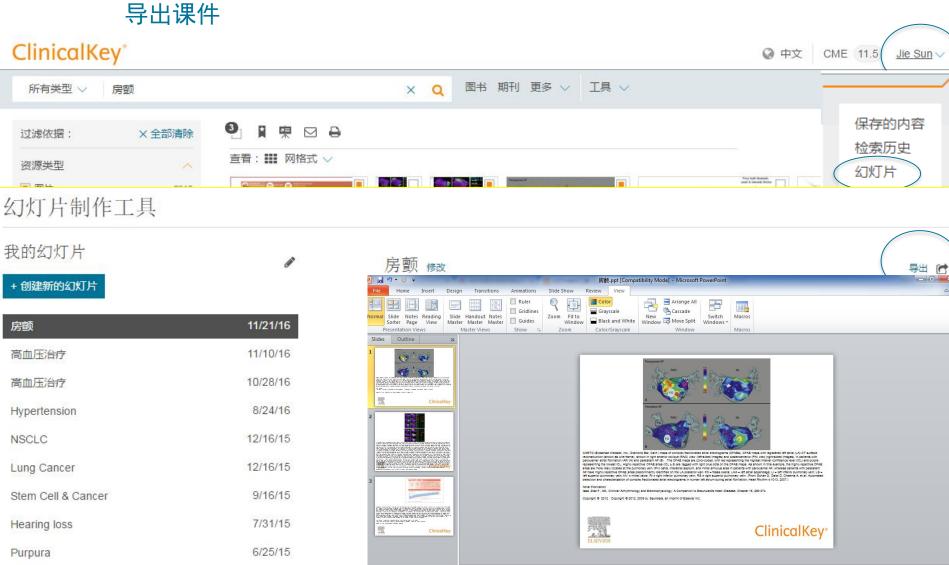
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